

Be Ready for Mealtime

With appetite keen, digestion normal, and no fear of any after eating distress

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

helps very materially in bringing about such a condition. It is an excellent tonic and appetizer. Try it

FRENCH WRITER DESCRIBES HAVOC

Paris, April 21, 6:01 p. m.—Gaston Deschamps, writing in the Temps, gives a vivid description of his visit to the Verdun front, from which he has just returned. The account follows:

The vast battlefield was veiled in a sleepy rain, but Verdun, Douaumont and La Mort Homme was vaguely outlined in the distance. Verdun, wounded but still upright, stood like a sentinel guarding the entrance of the valley above the blackened ruins of houses, while the towers of the cathedral rose like two outstretched arms in protest against the misery and desolation about them. The citadel still stands unscathed.

Villages are now abandoned and become military headquarters, where the presence of civilians is impossible. The whole aspect of the vast panorama is one of intense melancholy. At intervals incendiary bombs burst among the ruins, throwing up great clouds of black smoke and debris. From time to time fires were started by bombs and here and there village houses were seen blazing through the mist, but amid all this scene of fire and explosion no human being could be seen anywhere, as it was hidden monsters of steel which far away were working their terrible destruction. The absence of human activity added to the supreme sadness.

One could see the ancient ruins of the old Roman camp in this vicinity, where the Romans resisted the German invaders, even Rue Mazel, the main thoroughfare of Verdun, being an ancient Roman road.

Read the Classified Ads.

Let Us Back Our County Commissioners and have

Tarvia Pavement

on Pleasant View Road.

Tarvia is a made in Utah Product.

Why Substitute

??????

44 7-10 miles on a gallon of gasoline is the present record of our Franklin Six "30" in Ogden. We expect to exceed that. Phone 88. 425 24th.

FOR JITNEY SERVICE—PHONE 114

A GOOD SUPPLY OF CASH

While you are young and earning money, it is very important to have a reserve fund and add thereto as much as you can spare each week—thus providing plenty of cash for emergencies. Your account is invited.

4 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts.

THE COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK
OGDEN, UTAH.

BANDIT ON U. P.

Compels Guard on Train to Pass Around a Hat.

Rawlins, Wyo., April 21.—Union Pacific passenger train No. 21 was held up by a lone bandit near Hanna, Wyo., early tonight. After compelling the guard on the train to take up a collection from the passengers in the observation car, the bandit compelled the brakeman to receive the valuables of passengers in one of the two sleepers. As the train approached Edson, Wyo., the bandit dropped from the train and ran toward the hills.

The bandit, who is believed by railway officials to be the man who recently committed two similar robberies in this section, is thought to have boarded the train at Greeley, Colo.

After engaging the guard in conversation, the bandit drew two guns. The passengers of the observation car were forced to drop their valuables into a hat held by the guard, who was then compelled to accompany the bandit through the first sleeper, where, however, none of the passengers was molested.

Reaching the last sleeping car, the brakeman was pressed into service. The valuables here were gathered by the guard and brakeman, both of whom were kept covered. As the bandit leaped from the rapidly running train he rolled down the embankment, regained his feet and disappeared into the hilly country.

A special train with a sheriff's posse left immediately to take up the chase from Edson.

Forty-three passengers in all were compelled to yield their money and valuables. One shot, which went wild, was directed at James Sherlock, conductor, when the latter hesitated a moment after the bandit's request. "All hands up!"

The robber was described as six feet tall, brown hair and eyes. He wore a dark suit and a dark soft hat.

ROBBER CAUGHT IN BALTIMORE

Had in His Possession Thousands of Dollars of Stolen Securities.

Baltimore, Md., April 21.—A man giving the name of Edward J. Quigley, having in his possession all the securities stolen on a ferryboat at New York on February 26, was arrested here this evening.

The arrest was a piece of good luck by the postal authorities. Quigley was seized on suspicion of being wanted in St. Louis for raising money orders. An alleged confederate, named George F. Windall, was arrested with him, but is held on a technical charge. Quigley fought against arrest, but was overpowered. His alleged confederate submitted quietly.

Quigley's grip contained a large bundle of certificates of stock of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, New York City stock and other securities of aggregate face value of \$400,000. A slight draft for \$38,000, drawn on S. B. Chapin of New York by Smith, Lockhart & Co. of Baltimore, was also found in the satchel attached to certificates for one hundred shares of Union Pacific and one hundred shares of Northern Pacific stock.

Chief Postoffice Inspector J. O. Coons said he believed that the satchel contained all the securities which had been sent from Baltimore in the registered mail pouches stolen on the New York ferryboat.

Quigley said that the satchel had been left on the train by a man and woman who got off at Philadelphia, and that he took it. This was all that he would say after three hours' sweating in the federal office here. He said he was on his way to New Orleans from New York. One theory of the postoffice people here is that he came on intending to make a deal with the persons owning the securities.

Quigley said he was 35 years old and lived in New York, but that he belonged in Redfield Park, N. J. He is 5 feet 11 inches tall and weighs 180 pounds. Windall said he met Quigley on the train. He is 21 years old and said he came to Baltimore for work.

FRENCH OFFENSIVE

NOTABLE PROGRESS.

Paris, April 13.—The French counter attacks northwest of Verdun appear to be progressing favorably. For the moment the French have, to a great extent, assumed the direction of affairs.

In the neighborhood of Vaux lake the French, capturing a large network of trenches and redoubts, also made 214 prisoners, of whom ten were officers and sixteen non-commissioned officers. This unusually large proportion of officers, four or five more than normal, was a good omen for the operations, which continued with even greater success.

The only point at which the Germans retained the capacity of an offensive was in the center. Here they

managed to gain a footing in the French lines south of Fort Douaumont, but at night the French threw the Germans from their newly-conquered positions.

Elsewhere along the front the Germans were upon the defensive and were unable to prevent further progress in the French offensive movement in the southern part of Haudeumont wood.

The situation at Verdun continues to justify the optimism felt by the French higher command after the first few days of the attack two months ago.

Meanwhile there are signs of a re-encounter of activity upon other sections of the front.

PRISONERS ARE MUCH ABUSED

London, April 21.—A Reuters dispatch from Cape Town, dealing with the report of a commission of inquiry into the treatment of prisoners of war by the Germans in the southwest African campaign, revealing another story of the shocking treatment of British prisoners and showing a complete lack of organization or central control.

Food rations were coarse and became so insufficient that men were reduced to waiting in line to drink the blood of slaughtered oxen and to boiling the soft parts of hides to extract nourishment. They were scantily clad and harshly treated, some being sent on long railway journeys clad in a tunic, a short loincloth, and sandals and helmet, a spectacle, says the report, "for women natives who saw them on the road." The German governor, Seitz, ordered them placed in irons during their transit. One officer, Captain Geary, was held in solitary confinement for six months in a small cell of filthy sanitary conditions and infested with vermin and threatened with confinement in a dark cell if he dared to look out of the window.

"When officers complained to Governor Seitz, he told them they ought to be thankful for what they got. The ill-treatment was not confined to war prisoners. British civilians who were political prisoners, with women and children, were confined in common jails, sleeping ten in a single cell with locked doors, resulting in sickness and dysentery owing to the disgusting sanitary conditions.

"The report was discussed in the house, assembly members demanding that the guilty German officers be brought to justice. General Louis Botha, in reply, deprecated hate or revenge. He said that he had already protested to the German authorities and was in communication with the home government, and added that, happily, the prisoners had been released and were no longer suffering."

On April 4 Union Pacific Overland limited train No. 1 was held up and approximately \$55 was taken from passengers in the observation car.

On February 9 Union Pacific passenger train No. 18 was held up between Rock Springs and Green River, Wyo. About \$7 and a watch constituted the booty in this exploit.

In general the lone bandit who perpetrated these crimes was said to answer the description of the bandit who late in March held up an Oregon Short Line passenger train near Roy, Utah. In each instance the robber escaped.

VON DER GOLTZ DIES IN TURKEY

Organized the Defenses of Gallipoli Peninsula—German Strategist.

Amsterdam, via London, April 22, 3:25 a. m.—Baron Kolmar von der Goltz, commander-in-chief of the First Turkish army, died Wednesday of cancer of the head at the headquarters of his Turkish army, according to an official announcement received here from Berlin. He has been ill ten days.

Field Marshal Von der Goltz was regarded as one of Germany's greatest strategists. He was 72 years of age. He had seen extensive military service, having fought in the Austro-Prussian campaign and been on the staff of Prince Frederick Charles in the Franco-Russian war. In 1893 he was sent to reconstruct the Turkish army and remained in Turkey for thirteen years.

In August 1914, he was appointed military governor of the occupied part of Belgium, but in November of the same year he was relieved of this command and sent to Turkey, where he was appointed military commander at Constantinople and acting minister of war. He was instrumental in forming the strong Turkish defense on the Gallipoli peninsula and frequently predicted that the allied fleet would not be able to force a passage of the Dardanelles. He received his command as chief of the First Turkish army in April of last year when he succeeded General Liman von Sanders in command of the Dardanelles.

Recent dispatches reported Field Marshal Von der Goltz engaged in the operations in Asiatic Turkey. Before the fall of Erzerum he was said to be bottled up in that Turkish stronghold with 50,000 Turks.

REPUBLICAN DELEGATES ARE ELECTED.

Park City, April 21.—The Republicans of Parleys Park and Park City district held their primaries last night at the city hall and elected delegates to the county convention to be held in Park City Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the city hall. W. D. Lewis is elected as chairman and J. E. Johnson was secretary. The delegates are as follows: W. D. Lewis, W. R. Jefford, W. D. Sutton, W. B. Wilson, S. L. Raddon, J. E. Johnson, Sterling Lewis, William Richardson, George Hoevear, W. D. Richardson, A. P. Ridge, Henry Welsh, W. I. Lewis, R. H. Billings, T. J. Rosser, P. F. Ryan, R. T. Kimball, Willard Bircunshaw.

POPULAR COUPLE MARRIED.

Spanish Fork, April 21.—The marriage of Miss Alice Woods and Hye Wilson, both of Spanish Fork, yesterday in Provo, came as a surprise to their most intimate friends, although their courtship began when they were children. Their arrival in this city was announced by the ringing of the church bell and a holy chime. They are popular young people in Spanish Fork and will make their home here for the present.

Paris plans to obtain 300,000 electrical horsepower by damming the River Rhone at a point 300 miles from the city.

ROOSEVELT TO TRAVEL WEST

Will Deliver Addresses in Kansas City and Other Places in May.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., April 21.—An announcement was made today that Colonel Roosevelt has been invited to deliver the Memorial address at Kansas City on May 30. The invitation will in all probability be accepted. The invitation opens an opportunity for an effective trying out of the Roosevelt sentiment in the Mississippi valley, where it is said to be weakest. Roosevelt supporters, therefore, are tonight planning for the colonel a whirlwind campaign in that section to begin about Memorial day and continue up to the time of the assembling of the Republican convention in Chicago on June 6.

The conjunction of Memorial day and the colonel's appearance in Kansas City, with the enthusiasm he is counted upon to evoke, it is hoped, will fire the mine that will set the west ablaze for him. From Kansas City he is tentatively planned to have him cover such important points as Des Moines, Omaha and Denver, with rear-end speeches at the smaller cities en route.

Will Attend Convention.

Following such a program, Colonel Roosevelt would be able to reach Chicago on the return trip on the morning of the assembling of the convention. The carrying out of this tentative program, of course, is dependent upon the acquiescence of the colonel.

Considered solely on the political side, the Roosevelt advisers frankly declare their belief that with the fire that the colonel will be able to put into his message to the people of the middle west and the Mississippi valley, the demand for his nomination will spread to such proportions that the delegates to the convention will perform the feat of this "heroic mood" which the colonel himself has said will be necessary in order to insure his nomination.

From now until the meeting of the convention things will move rapidly. Next Thursday night Colonel Roosevelt will deliver an address on peace at a banquet in New York given in honor of delegates to the forthcoming Methodist conference at Saratoga.

Preparedness His Theme.

The next day he will leave for Chicago, where he will address on the evening Saturday night the banquet of the Illinois State Bar association on preparedness. Both of these addresses, it is understood, will hit out from the shoulder on the issues upmost in the public mind.

Following the Chicago address, as the colonel's movements are now planned, he will return to Oyster Bay. This, however, is subject to change. Assuming that the Kansas City invitation is accepted, he will leave Oyster Bay again on May 27 for the west. In Kansas City a monster celebration of Memorial day is being planned by Civil war veterans of the north and the south, veterans of the Spanish war and civic organizations. The invitation to the colonel is signed by a committee of fifty representative citizens of Missouri. The opportunity will enable him to cover practically the same ground as that which President Wilson traveled over on his recent preparedness campaign.

SITUATION IS MOST SERIOUS

Germany Will Not Weaken Its Submarine Campaign to Placate United States.

Berlin, April 21, 6 p. m., via London, April 22, 1:21 a. m.—Nothing has yet developed as a result of the note of the American note to Germany concerning Germany's submarine warfare. No expression of opinion is probable from the foreign office, where absolute reticence is maintained.

Neither the note nor any reference to it has been published in Germany and there is no intimation as yet when the note will be made public. The celebration of Holy week and of the Easter tide, therefore, are proceeding undisturbed by any knowledge of foreign complications.

The ministers and other officials who were entitled to it, received a copy of the note this morning and were engaged during the day in studying the document. As far as the Associated Press has been made acquainted with the sentiment in higher quarters, it would be wrong to regard the situation as anything but extremely grave. The note probably will be answered some time next week after serious consideration has been given the American contention, but there is little hope that any answer can go to the length demanded by the Washington government, despite the fact that the government desires to maintain good relations with the United States.

The sentiment is against any further weakening of Germany's submarine campaign, to say nothing of an abandonment of it.

PROVO PIONEER DIES AT THE AGE OF 95

Provo, April 21.—Hans Anderson died yesterday afternoon from general debility, at the home of Walter G. Taylor of Pioneer ward, where he made his home for twenty-three years. Mr. Anderson was born in Denmark, September 14, 1820. He was a veteran of the Danish-German war of 1848 and was awarded the order of Dannebrog for valorous service. Mr. Anderson came to Utah in 1870 and had made his home in Provo the greater part of the time. He is survived by one son, Niels Anderson of Oas, and several grandchildren and great-grandchildren. Funeral services will be held Sunday at 2 o'clock in the Pioneer ward meeting house. The body will lie in state from 10 to 1 o'clock Sunday, at the residence of Mr. Taylor, 722 West Fifth North street.

If an honest man is the noblest work of God, it might be well to keep an eye on the self-made man.

AMERICANS ARE BEING WARNED

Told Not to Proceed Further South in Mexico Than Parral.

Washington, April 21.—President Wilson and the cabinet discussed the Mexican situation today but did not decide on any course of action. Further steps by the United States toward the pursuit of Villa or withdrawal of the troops from Mexico will await a full report from Major General Scott, chief of staff of the army, as to conditions on the border and in Mexico.

General Scott who reached San Antonio, Tex., tonight, is expected to send a report on the situation until tomorrow. His full report upon which a decision as to the next step to be taken probably will not be made until his return to Washington. When he left here, the chief of staff said he would make his investigation and return as quickly as possible. He could not indicate how long he might be gone.

Pending word from General Scott, Secretary Baker reiterated his statement that no change had been made in orders to General Funston and that the department had no knowledge of any change in the latter's orders to General Pershing. No official report had been received, he said, that the expedition was at a standstill.

The secretary admitted that official dispatches had carried as a rumor the report that Mexican officers had warned General Pershing not to proceed south of Parral. It was learned at the state department that a report to this effect was transmitted some days before the Parral incident through consular agents. Mr. Baker insisted that the warning had made no change in the department's orders to the border forces.

It was indicated tonight that a reply to General Carranza's telegram calling attention to the clash at Parral and asserting that the American commander had violated his orders and the agreement with the defacto government in entering the town would be dispatched soon. War department officials say the report on the incident from General Pershing, Major Tompkins and other officers, is not complete. It has been withheld from publication because of the flat contradiction it contains of the Mexican city advices from General Carranza as to the part his troops played in the fighting.

With this report as a basis, the Parral incident will be treated as a matter entirely separate from the suggestion of the defacto government that the troops be withdrawn. Officials indicated that Carranza's attention would be called to the discrepancies in the two versions. The thought it unlikely the word would attempt to uphold his original report in the light of more recent information and no lengthy correspondence is looked for.

While immediate interest centers naturally in the situation as to the troops in Mexico, there were renewed indications about the state department today that a wholly different aspect of the Mexican problem was causing growing concern. That is the move, supposedly headed by Felix Diaz, nephew of the former Mexican dictator, for a new revolution against the defacto government. None of the information upon which the uneasiness rests has been disclosed. It is known, however, that several Mexicans in the United States are being closely watched and it seems possible that some of the anti-American feeling in Chihuahua state which has met the troops pursuing Villa may be attributed to this movement.

The Diaz movement, it is said, has the backing of various elements of Mexicans, both in Mexico and this country. As viewed by the state department, it is understood the activity of these persons are the most dangerous because they are wealthy, while the defacto government is involved in a snarl of financial complications which would be hard to overcome even in time of complete peace.

HUNGARIANS ARE SEEKING PEACE

They Are Feeling the Distress of War and Want to Quit.

Milan, April 21.—Reports received daily from Switzerland about Austria indicate that something is brewing regarding the Hapsburg monarchy, one significant symptom being the unanimous outburst of invocations for peace in the Hungarian press. Premier Asquith has become in the minds of the Hungarians the savior of the situation. They commend his speech with more enthusiasm than that of Chancellor von Bethman-Hollweg.

The conditions which have led to this situation seem to have been connected with Baron von Burian's visit to Berlin, with the growing antagonism to German aggressiveness, with the question of nationalities to be decided at the conclusion of the war and with the increasing distress and the calling out of the last recruits.

It is announced that the German suggestion is that the whole of the Hapsburg monarchy be divided into small autonomous states to be ultimately swallowed up by Germany. Bohemia is to be autonomous and divided into six provinces, but no Czech deputies are ever again to appear in parliament. Galicia is also to receive autonomy, its 15,000,000 inhabitants to be governed by a lieutenant governor appointed from Vienna, but the object of autonomy is to exclude from the Austrian parliament the hitherto powerful group of Galician deputies.

The Hungarians feel that it is to be their turn next. There is no talk of furthering Hungary's independence, rather there is talk of incorporating more thoroughly the Hapsburg and Hohenzollern empires.

The latest call to arms includes men born in 1866, and compels a revision of the previous classes for men many times declared unfit. There is even an appeal to the owners of dogs

27 Years under one continuous management

A Convenience That Pays Dividends

A Checking Account in this strong bank affords you every convenience in the handling of your finances, and this convenience pays you dividends in money and time saved.

Furthermore, a Checking Account gives you a standing at your bank which some day may prove of inestimable value to you.

We welcome Checking Accounts of moderate or large amounts and extend the same prompt, courteous attention to ALL our patrons.

OGDEN STATE BANK

CAPITAL & SURPLUS \$ 296,000.00

4% Interest compounded Quarterly on Savings

to deliver them to the army to be employed as auxiliary sentinels. The Hungarian press asks why peace negotiations have not been begun.

The Az Est writes: "Premier Asquith declares now that England does not want to crush Germany, the object of the allies being to prevent a recurrence of such carnage as the world is now witnessing. The English premier has spoken words which all who have great ideals will approve. If this war brings destruction to prestige and brute force it will be worth all its sacrifices."

The Vilag says: "I negotiations are begun it surely will not be difficult to find common ground for agreement. The British premier's conditions are such that only negotiations are required to make them acceptable."

HEAVY GUNS ARE FIRING SHELLS

London, April 21.—On all the fronts around Verdun the Germans are heavily bombarding French positions, especially those occupied by the French in their last attack around La Mort Homme, northwest of the fortress, and in the sector from the eastern bank of the Meuse to Fort Vaux.

No infantry engagements have taken place around Verdun, although Paris reports the occupation of a portion of a crater made by a German mine in the Argonne forest. The Teutons in east Galicia near Popovgora went on the offensive against the Russians, but Petrograd asserts their efforts were without result. The bombardment by the Germans of the Russians holding the Ikskull bridgehead is still in progress.

Baltimore, April 21.—John Harrison Suratt, last survivor of the corps of alleged conspirators tried for implication in the plot to assassinate Abraham Lincoln, died here tonight. He was 72 years of age. Mr. Suratt retired as general freight agent of the Baltimore Steam Packet company recently. In the Civil war he served in the Confederate secret service. When he heard that a warrant had been issued for him, he fled from New York to Canada, and then to Europe, Egypt and South America. He was acquitted after being brought back for trial, and came to Baltimore.

Read the Classified Ads.

MONUMENTS

don't buy from agent and pay 20 or 25 per cent extra. Photographs are misleading. See the work itself at our yard before buying.

MITCHELL BROS.
Monumental works near City Cemetery Ogden, Utah.

QUESTION—Do you suffer from rheumatism, constipation, dyspepsia, grippe, malaria, kidney, liver, or stomach troubles? ANSWER—Impure blood is the cause of most physical ailments.

FACTS—PERKINS' NATIONAL HERBS—made of pure roots, barks, and herbs—assists Nature to keep the organs of the body in good working condition. Good blood is Nature's safeguard against disease germs. Sold by ED A. RYAN, 422 16th Street, Local Agent.

Large Box, \$1.00. Mailed Anywhere, Postage Prepaid. THE NATIONAL HERB COMPANY, WASHINGTON, D. C. Owners and Compounders.

Teach Your Boy to Save.

Thrift is one of the most important phases of a successful or reliable man's character. These men began to save when they were boys. They were trained to know the value of saving—even in small amounts.

Help your boy start a savings account now, while his mind is forming and his habits are developing. You can begin with a dollar—and add as you desire.

OGDEN SAVINGS BANK
2384 WASHINGTON AV. OGDEN-UTAH

WE PAY 4% COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY